

Towards a Computer Network Operations (Information Assurance) Taxonomy

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Outline

- Authoritative Sources
- Well Formed Taxonomies
- Integrating Taxonomies
 - Creating Integrated Diagrams
 - Enhanced Situational Awareness
 - Knowledge Management
- Computer Network Operations (CNO) Use Case



National
Information Assurance (IA)
Glossary

Sources

FM 3-13 (FM 100-6)

Information Operations: Doctrine, Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures

NOVEMBER 2003

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HEADQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

Joint Publication 3-13

Information Operations

27 November 2012

Joint Publication 6-0

Joint Communications System

10 June 2010



Department of Defense DIRECTIVE

NUMBER 8500.01E
October 24, 2002
Certified Current as of April 23, 2007
ASD(NII)/DoD CIO

SUBJECT: Information Assurance (IA)

References: (a) Section 2224 of title 10, United States Code, "Defense Information Assurance Program"
(b) DoD Directive 5200.28, "Security Requirements for Automated Information Systems (AISs)," March 21, 1988 (hereby canceled)
(c) DoD 5200.28-M, "ADP Security Manual," January 1973 (hereby canceled)
(d) DoD 5200.28-STD, "DoD Trusted Computer Security Evaluation Criteria," December 1985 (hereby canceled)
(e) through (ah), see enclosure 1

1. PURPOSE

This Directive:

1.1. Establishes policy and assigns responsibilities under reference (a) to achieve Department of Defense (DoD) information assurance (IA) through a defense-in-depth approach that integrates the capabilities of personnel, operations, and technology, and supports the evolution to network centric warfare.

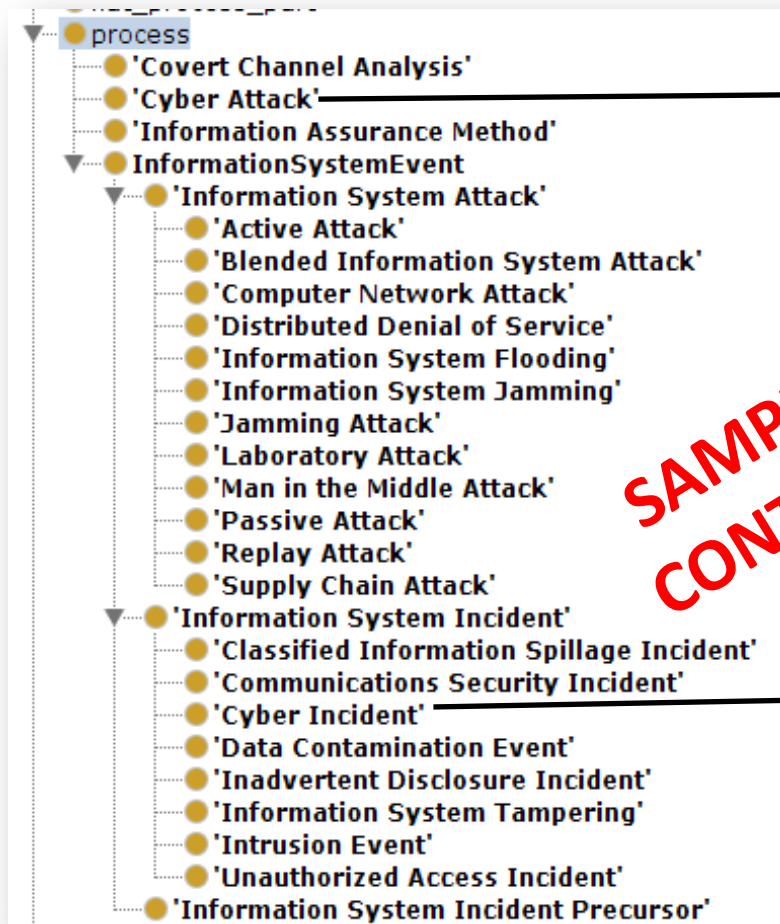
1.2. Supersedes DoD Directive 5200.28, DoD 5200.28-M, DoD 5200.28-STD, and DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO) Memorandum 6-8510 (references (b), (c), (d), and (e)).

1.3. Designates the Secretary of the Army as the Executive Agent for the integration of common biometric technologies throughout the Department of Defense.

1.4. Authorizes the publication of DoD 8500.1-M consistent with DoD 5025.1-M (reference (f)).

Well Formed Taxonomies

Information System Related Processes

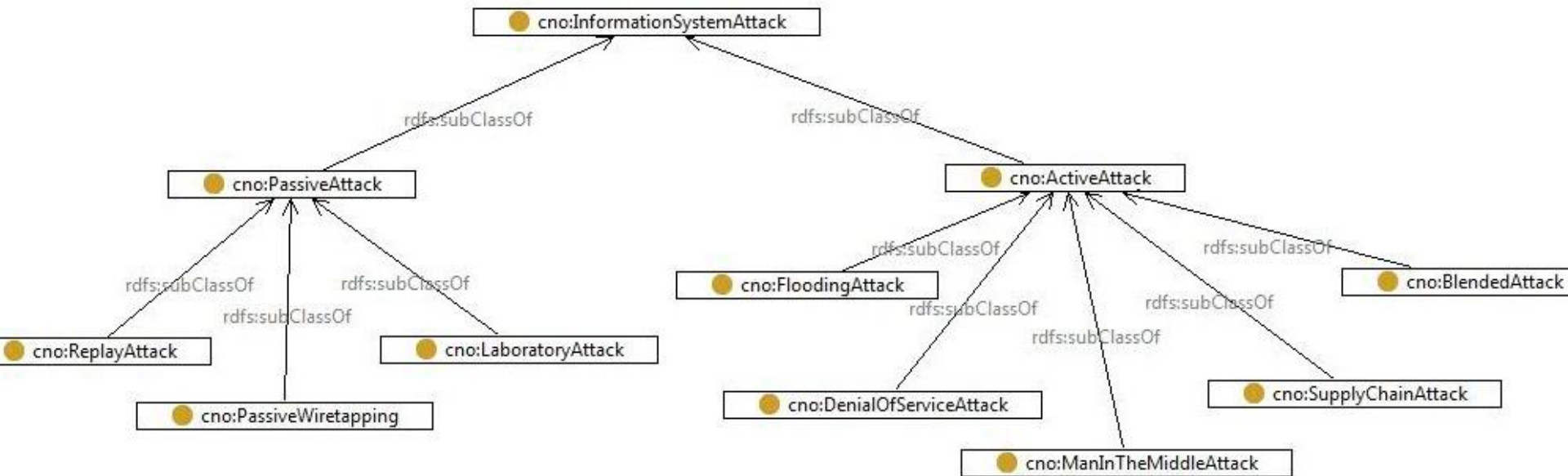


An attack, via cyberspace, targeting an enterprise's use of cyberspace for the purpose of disrupting, disabling, destroying, or maliciously controlling a computing environment/infrastructure; or destroying the integrity of the data or stealing controlled information. (National Information Assurance Glossary)

**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Actions taken through the use of computer networks that result in an actual or potentially adverse effect on an information system and/or the information residing therein. See incident. (National Information Assurance Glossary)

Information System Attack



**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Class Form

Name: cno:ManInTheMiddleAttack

Annotations

rdfs:comment

Definition: A form of active wiretapping attack in which the attacker intercepts and selectively modifies communicated data to masquerade as one or more of the entities involved in a communication association.

rdfs:label

Man in the middle attack

dc:source

Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSS-I) No. 4009
26 April 2010

Information System Countermeasure

➤ cno:InformationSystemCountermeasure

- cno:Alert
- cno:AttackSensingAndWarningProcess
- cno:AttributeBasedAuthorization
- cno:AttributeBasedAccessControl
- cno:Audit
- cno:AuthenticationMechanism
- cno:AuthenticationProcess
- cno:CommunicationsSecurityProcess
 - cno:CryptosecurityProcess
 - cno:EmissionSecurityProcess
 - cno:PhysicalSecurityProcess
 - cno:TransmissionSecurityProcess
- cno:IdentityRegistrationProcess
- cno:PersonalIdentityVerification
- cno:RegistrationProcess

Class Form

Name: cno:InformationSystemCountermeasure

Annotations

rdfs:comment ▼

S Definition: actions, devices, procedures, or techniques that meet or oppose(i.e., counters) a threat, a vulnerability, or an attack by eliminating or preventing it, by minimizing the harm it can cause, or by discovering and reporting it so that corrective action can be taken.

rdfs:label ▼

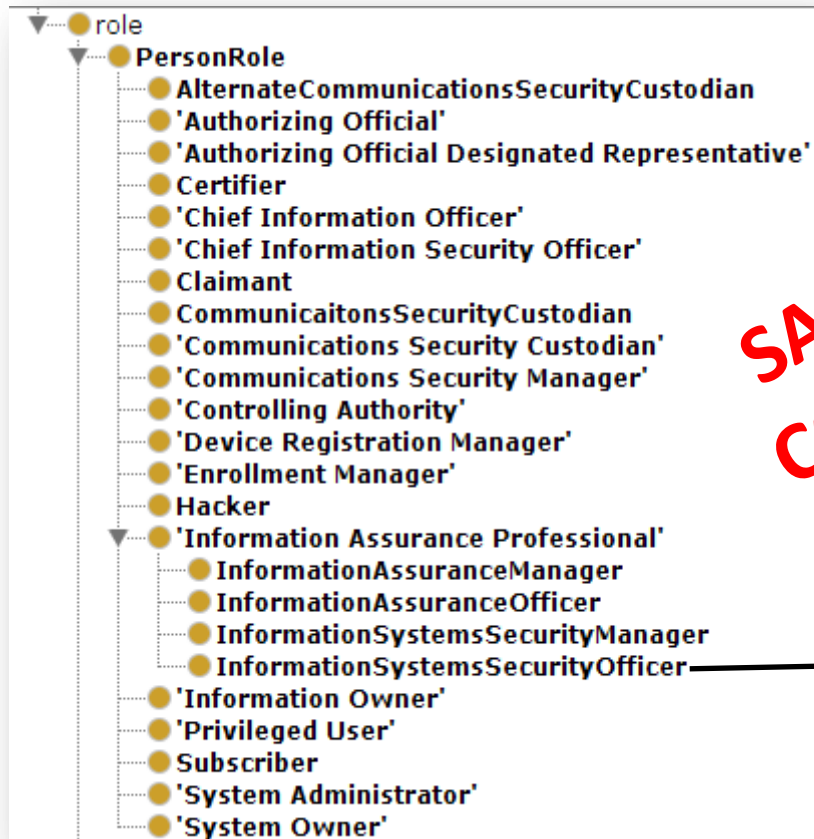
S Information system countermeasure

dc:source ▼

S Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSS-I) No. 4009 26 April 2010

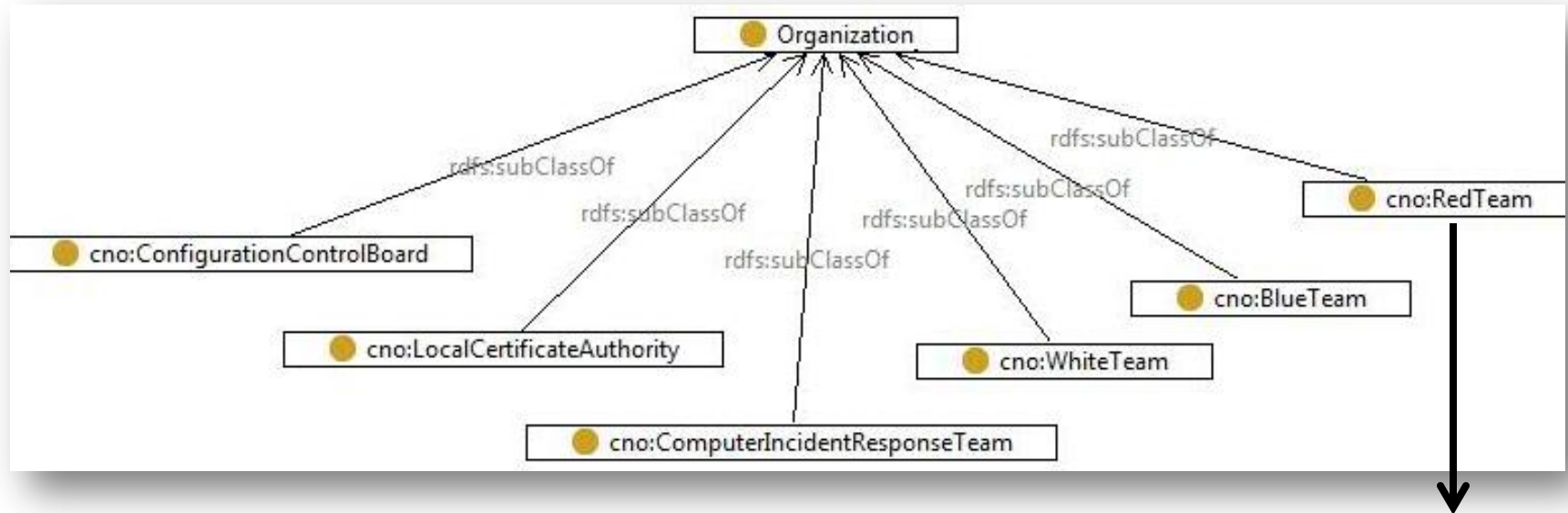
**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Person Roles



**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Individual responsible for the information assurance of a program, organization, system, or enclave.



**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Class Form

Name:

Annotations

rdfs:comment

Definition: A group of people authorized and organized to emulate a potential adversary's attack or exploitation capabilities against an enterprise's security posture. The Red Team's objective is to improve enterprise Information Assurance by demonstrating the impacts of successful attacks and by demonstrating what works for the defenders (i.e., the Blue Team) in an operational environment.

rdfs:label

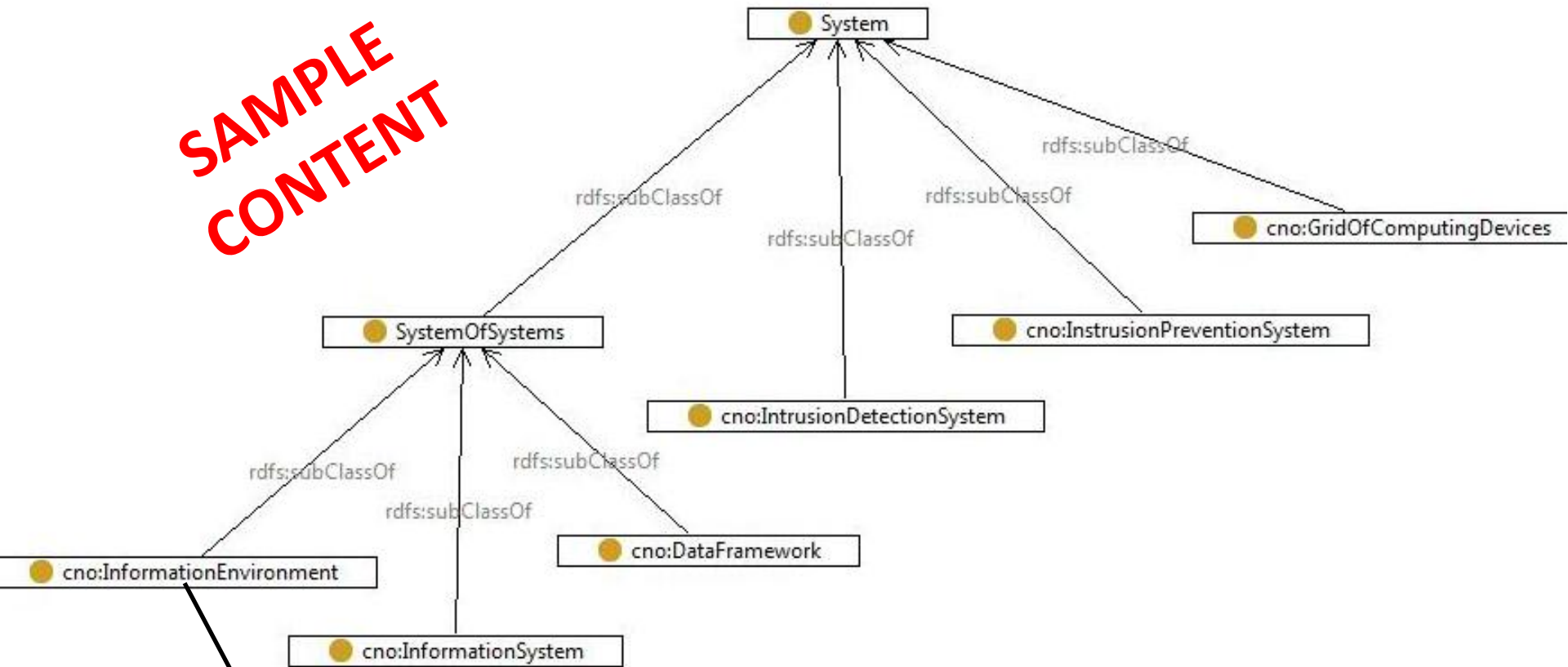
Red team

dc:source

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26 April 2010

Systems

**SAMPLE
CONTENT**



Definition: Aggregate of individuals, organizations, and/or systems that collect, process, or disseminate information, also included is the information itself. (JP 3-13 Joint Information Operations)

Computer Programs

- 'Computer Program'

- Application

- MaliciousApplet

- Firmware

- 'Logic Bomb'

- Malware

- Software

- Spyware

- 'Time Bomb'

- 'Trojan Horse'

- Virus

- 'Web Bug'

- Worm

Small application programs that are automatically downloaded and executed and that perform an unauthorized function on an information system. (JP 3-13)

**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

Information Content Entities

**SAMPLE
CONTENT**

- Plan
 - 'Contingency Plan'
 - 'Continuity of Operations Plan'
 - 'Disaster Recovery Plan'
 - 'Incident Response Plan'
 - 'Interconnection Security Agreement'
 - 'Interface Control Document'
 - 'System Security Plan'

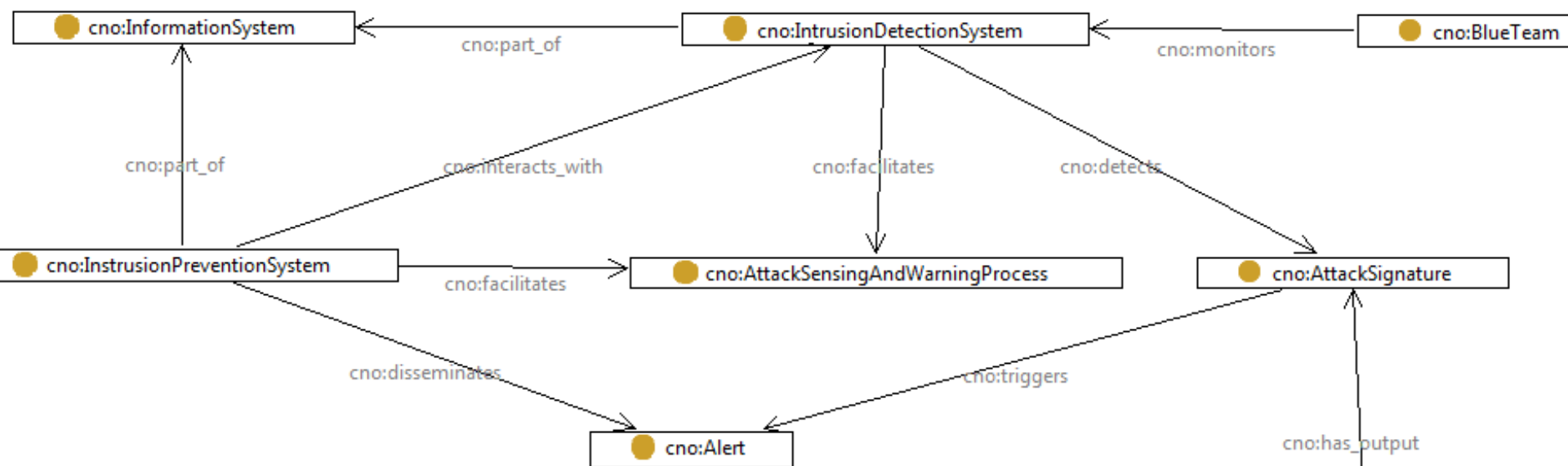
- List
 - AccessControlList
 - CertificateRevocationList
 - CompromissedKeyList
 - EndorsedCryptographicProductsList
 - 'Evaluated Product List'
 - EvaluatedProductsList
 - KeyList
 - 'Trust List '
 - TrustedCertificatesList

1. A list of permissions associated with an object. The list specifies who or what is allowed to access the object and what operations are allowed to be performed on the object.

2. A mechanism that implements access control for a system resource by enumerating the system entities that are permitted to access the resource and stating, either implicitly or explicitly, the access modes granted to each entity.

Integrating Taxonomies

Intrusion Detection System



Class Form



Name: **cno:IntrusionDetectionSystem**

Annotations

rdfs:comment

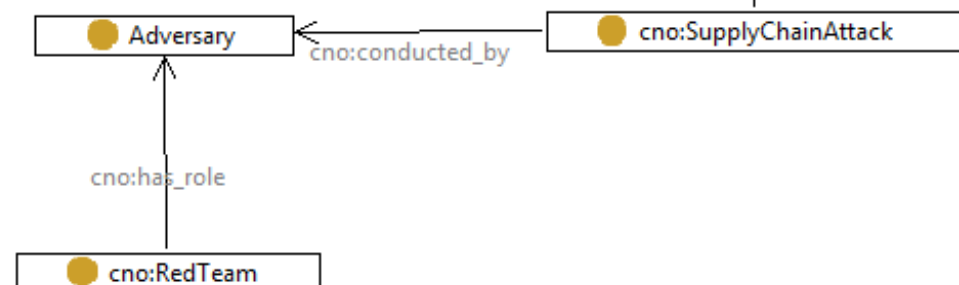
Definition: A System of hardware and software products that gather and analyze information from various areas within a computer or a network to identify possible security breaches, which include both intrusions (attacks from outside the organizations) and misuse (attacks from within the organizations).

rdfs:label

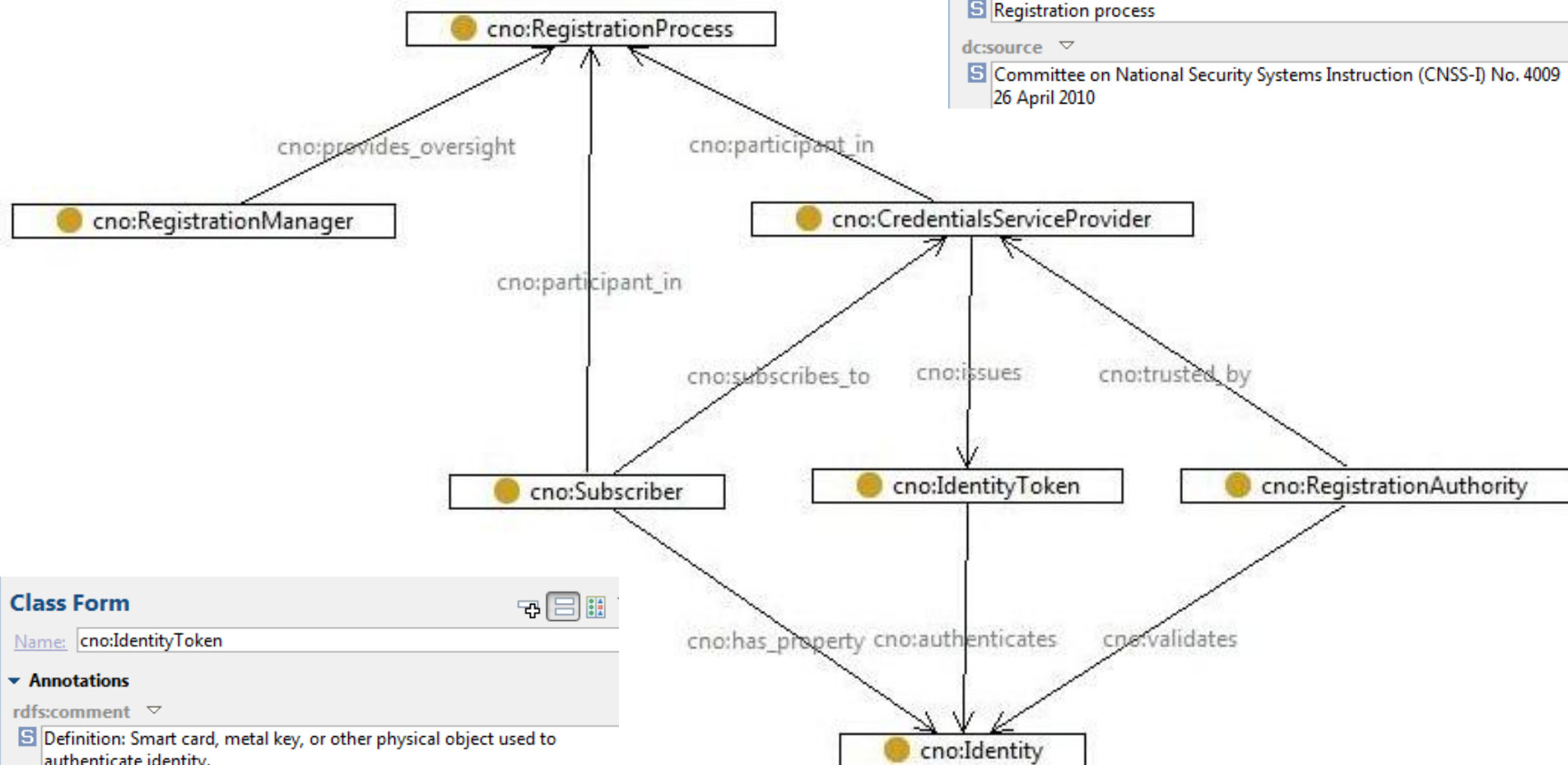
Intrusion detection system

dc:source

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Registration Process



Class Form

Name: cno:RegistrationProcess

Annotations

rdfs:comment

The process through which a party applies to become a subscriber of a Credentials Service Provider (CSP) and a Registration Authority validates the identity of that party on behalf of the CSP.

rdfs:label

Registration process

dc:source

Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSS-I) No. 4009
26 April 2010

Class Form

Name: cno:IdentityToken

Annotations

rdfs:comment

Definition: Smart card, metal key, or other physical object used to authenticate identity.

rdfs:label

Identity token

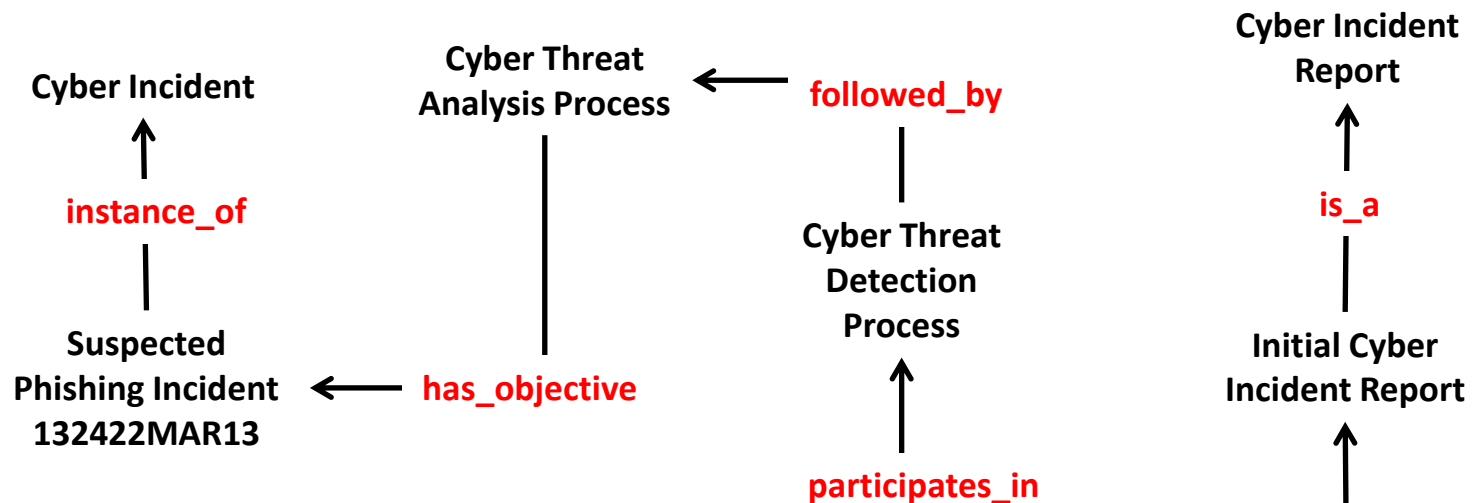
dc:source

Committee on National Security Systems Instruction (CNSS-I) No. 4009
26 April 2010

Cyber Security Use Case

(next 4 slides)

- Cyber Threat Analyst
- Participates in Cyber Threat Detection Process
- Authors Cyber Incident Report
- Authors Cyber Forensics Report
- Shares with Trusted Partners



3. EXECUTION:
Intent. Give the stated vision that defines the purpose of the operation and the relationship among the forces, the enemy, and the terrain.

a. CONCEPT of the OPERATION. Refer to the operation overlay and concept sketch. Explain, in general terms, how the platoon, as a whole, will accomplish the mission. Identify the most important task for the platoon (mission-essential task) and any other essential task. If applicable, designate the decisive point, form of maneuver of defensive techniques, and any other significant factors or principle. Limit this paragraph to six sentences.

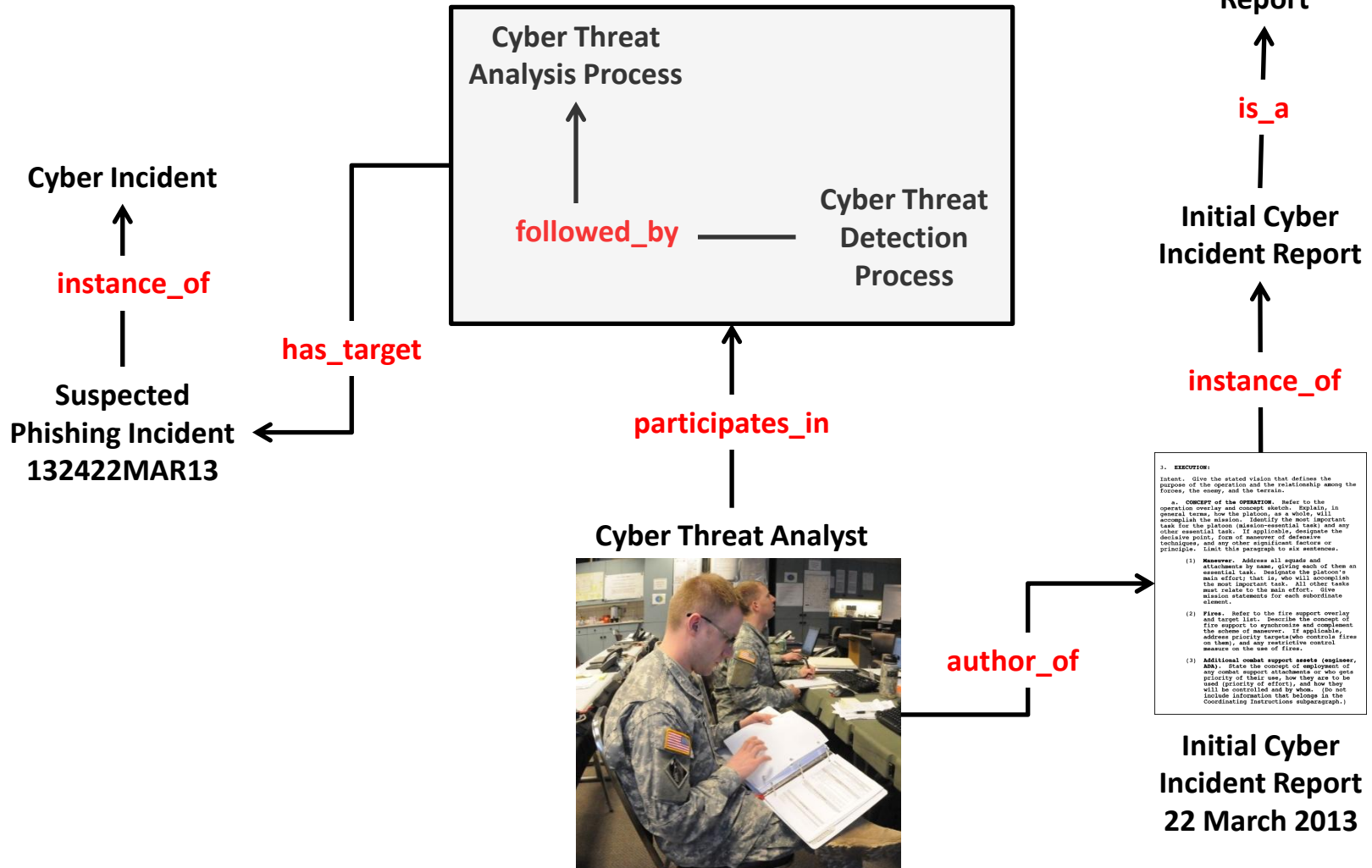
(1) Maneuver. Address all squads and attachments by name, giving each of them an essential task. Designate the platoon's main effort; that is, who will accomplish the most important task. All other tasks must relate to the main effort. Give mission statements for each subordinate element.

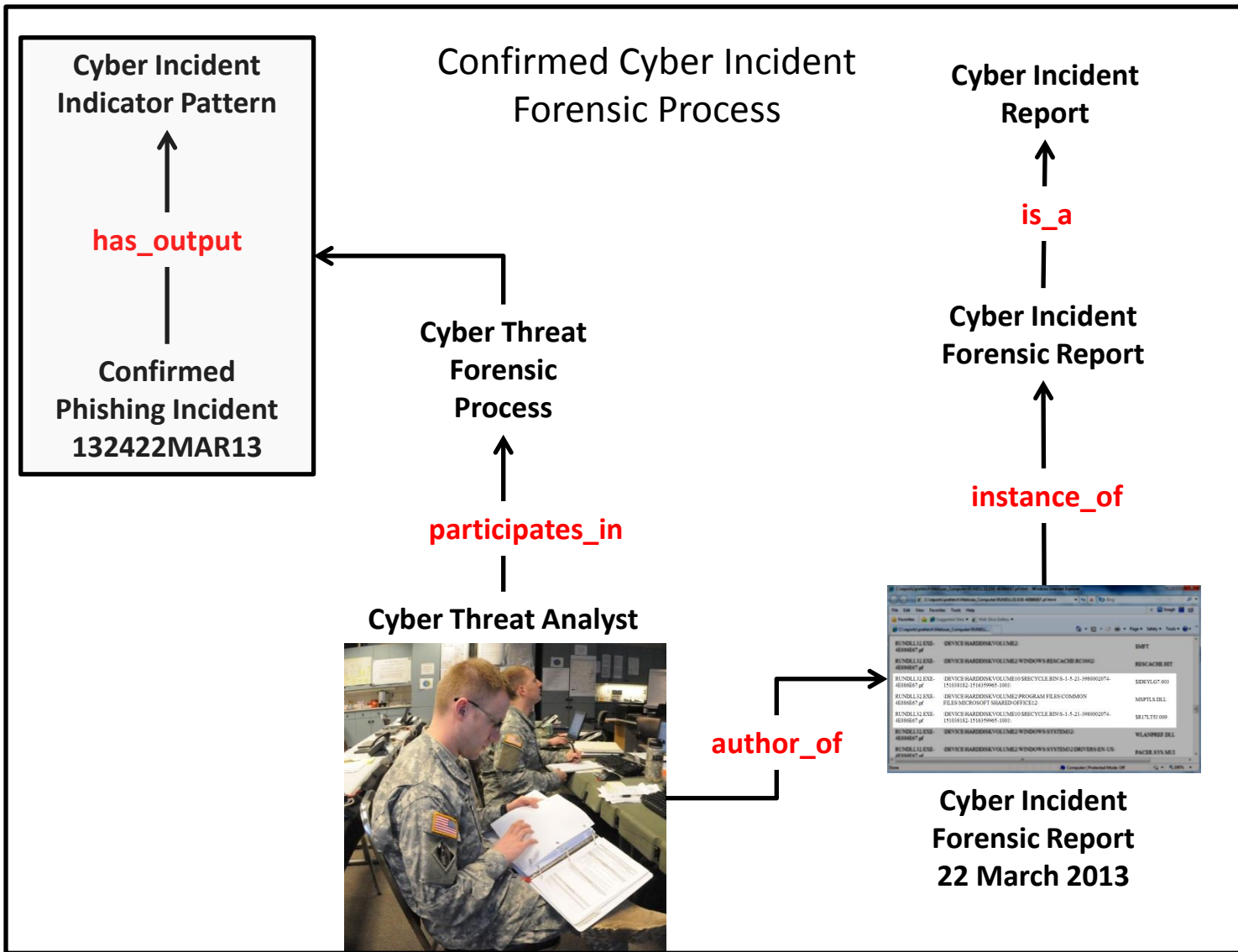
(2) Fires. Refer to the fire support overlay and target list. Describe the concept of fire support to synchronize and complement the scheme of maneuver. If applicable, address priority targets (who controls fires on them), and any restrictive control measure on the use of fires.

(3) Additional combat support assets (engineer, ADA). State the concept of employment of any combat support attachments or who gets priority of their use, how they are to be used (priority of effort), and how they will be controlled and by whom. (Do not include information that belongs in the Coordinating Instructions subparagraph.)

**Initial Cyber Incident Report
22 March 2013**

Cyber Threat Detection & Analysis Process





Conclusion

- Avoid Mass Terms (e.g. Data or Computing)
- Use Individual Nouns (e.g. Data Set or Computing Process)
- Distinguish
 - Strict “is_a” taxonomy
 - cat *is_a* mammal
 - storm *is_a* weather event
 - computer disk *is_a* information bearing entity
 - Diagram
 - Network Diagram
 - Tree Diagram
 - System Diagram